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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/085,497	02/26/2002	Mark A. Tschiegg	FS1-0003US	8699
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	Suite 1400 SPOKANE, WA 99201		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2169	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comments	10/085,497	TSCHIEGG ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Greta L. Robinson	2169			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Oc	ctober 2008				
·= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.				
·=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
closed in accordance with the practice under L	x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 40	0.0.213.			
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-8,10-12,14,15,17-29,34-38,40,41,43 and 45-48 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-8,10-12,14,15,17-29,34-38,40,41,43 and 45-48 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

- 2. Claims 1-8, 10-12, 14-15, 17-29, 34-38, 40-41, 43 and 45-48 are pending in the present application.
- 3. Claim 1 has been amended. Claims 9, 13, 16, 30-33, 39, 42, 44 and 49-63 have been cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-8, 10-12, 14, 15, 17-24, 27-29, 34-38, 40, 41, 43 and 45-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bladen et al. US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0099586 A1 in view of Smith US Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0065613 A1 and Schneider et al. US Patent 6,785,728 B1.

Regarding claim 1, **Bladen et al**. teaches a graphical and interactive interface system for managing risk management information [note: abstract "interactive risk management"; Figure 1C (112) E-RISK USER INTERFACE];

a secure database having risk management information accessible by authorized access through a network [note: Fig. 2E, paragraph 0153, 0164-0165, 0178-0183];

a graphics interface for generating graphic data of the risk management information in response to the authorized access [note: paragraph 0197 authorized viewers; Figure 7B note generation process flowchart; Figure 1J graphical user-interface; also Figure 3D step 330]; and

means for generating email to alert authorized users to updates to the risk management information, wherein the risk management information pertains to property risks associated with loss of existing property associated with the plurality of entities located at a plurality of respective facilities [note: FSS paragraph 0451 through 0459 "automatic electronic updates ... Access to a help line ...e-mail"; paragraph 0354 feedback;

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note ability to define environment through policy statements paragraph 0309 and Figure 3B; also note paragraphs 0283,0301-0302].

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Although Bladen et al. teaches the invention substantially as cited above, they do not explicitly disclose that the email is generated to alert authorized users, however Smith teaches means for generating alerts through email notification [note: abstract; paragraph 0004 alerts generated and communicated to the various monitoring groups on a real time basis; and paragraph 0011-0013 email notifications are generated to inform various users; Figure 1 Alerts (104)]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Smith with Bladen et al. because Smith further shows how email may be implemented in a network system as a means of communication to alert the end user of changes. Bladen et al. and Smith do not teach "wherein the risk management information is segmented within the database for association with a plurality of companies", however Schneider et al. teaches this feature. Schneider et al. teaches an access filter checks the trust level of each segment in a database [se: col. 21 line 56 through col. 22 line 25]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Schneider et al. with the cited references because Schneider et al's sclable access control filter allows the end user to define complex security policies in terms of not only users but information sets [note abstract].

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6. Regarding claim 2, "the authorized access comprising user inputs to the graphics interface regarding risk management information" [Bladen et al. note paragraph 0197 and 0198; paragraph 0053].

- 7. Regarding claims 17-24, "means for generating email generates email in response to receipt of an update ... periodic email defining updates" [note: Smith, Figure 1 communication interface 104; and paragraph 0004 and 0011-0013].
- 8. Regarding claim 27, the database comprising a SQL database server [note: Bladen et al. teaches various embodiments may be implemented paragraphs 0175-0183].
- 9. Regarding claim 6, Bladen et al. teaches the invention substantially as applied to claim 1 including a graphical and interactive interface system [note Bladen et al.: abstract "interactive risk management"; Figure 1C (112) E-RISK USER INTERFACE; paragraph 0197 authorized viewers; FSS paragraph 0451 through 0459 "automatic electronic updates ... Access to a help line ...e-mail"; paragraph 0354 feedback]. Although Bladen et al. teaches the invention substantially as cited above, they do not explicitly disclose that the email is generated to alert authorized users, however Smith teaches means for generating email alerts as a means of automatic notification of updates [note: abstract; paragraph 004, 0011-0013; and Figure 1 (104)]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Smith

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with Bladen et al. because Smith further shows how email may be implemented in a network system as a means of communication to alert the end user of changes. Bladen et al. and Smith do not teach "the database further comprising assistance data accessible concurrently with authorized access of the risk information", however Schneider et al. teaches this feature. Schneider et al. teaches an access policy may be defined in terms of both the user and information sets [see: col. 22 lines 45-64]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Schneider et al. with the cited references because Schneider et al's sclable access control policy allows the end user to define specific access control functions.

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- 10. Regarding claim 7, the assistance data comprises loss prevention and control standards and guidelines [note: Schneider et al. col. 22 lines 54-56 defining information sets].
- 11. Regarding claims 8 and 11, prohibiting access ... restricting [note: Schneider et al. user group tables col. 28 line 59 through col. 29 line 64].
- 12. Regarding claim 10, "wherein at least part of the risk management information is encrypted to facilitate the authorized access" [note: Schneider et al. teaches ancrytion and decription, col. 21 line 49 through col. 22 line 43].

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13. Regarding claims 12, 14, and 15, the filter functions comprising one or more of the following: country, city, state [note: Schneider et al. information may be defined].

- 14. Regarding claim 28, 29, 35, 38, 40-41 "the database responsive to electronically receive recommendations ... " [note: Bladen et al. provides for recommendations Figure 3G (354)].
- 15. Regarding claim 34 further comprising means for appending user-generated comments to one or more segments [note: Schneider et al. col. 21 lines 10-47].
- 16. Regarding claims 36 and 37, "selectively switching between cost-benefit analysis, summaries, status screens, through the graphics interface ... [note Bladen et al.: Figure 1H interactive interface; Figure 5A 508; Figure 6A-6B; figure 12A-12B views].
- 17. Regarding claim 43, "wherein updates to risk management information comprises modifications ... [note: Bladen FSS paragraph 0451 through 0459 "automatic electronic updates ... Access to a help line ...e-mail"; paragraph 0354 feedback].
- 18. Regarding claim 45, "wherein means for generating email comprises an email server [Bladen Figure 8D].

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19. Regarding claims 3-5 and 46-48, Bladen et al. teaches a graphical and interactive interface system for managing risk management information [note: abstract "interactive risk management"; Figure 1C (112) E-RISK USER INTERFACE]. Although Bladen et al. teaches the invention substantially as cited above, they do not explicitly disclose that the email is generated to alert authorized users, however Smith teaches means for generating email alerts as a means of automatic notification of updates [note: abstract; paragraph 0004, and 0011-0013; Figure 1 (104)]; and a workflow application terminals [see: abstract "system provides for workflow management"; paragraph 0005 workflow program, paragraph 0126; Figure 1]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Smith with Bladen et al. because Smith further shows how alerts may be implemented in a network system and how a workflow system would provide supervisory or administrative functions that would allow work to be monitored, audited, or applied to a specific process. Bladen et al. and Smith do not teach "the database further comprising assistance data accessible concurrently with authorized access of the risk information", however Schneider et al. teaches this feature. Schneider et al. teaches an access policy may be defined in terms of both the user and information sets [see: col. 22 lines 45-64]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have combined Schneider et al. with the cited references because Schneider et al's sclable access control policy allows the end user to define specific access control functions.

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Response to Arguments

20. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8, 10-12, 14-15, 17-29, 34-38, 40-41, 43 and 45-48 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's amendment overcomes the rejections cited under 35 USC 112 second paragraph. Independent claim 1 was amended to include the limitation of claim 30; however newly cited prior art reference Smith is noted as teaching this limitation.

Conclusion

21. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Greta L. Robinson whose telephone number is (571)272-4118. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30AM-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tony Mahmoudi can be reached on (571)272-4078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Greta L. Robinson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2169a October 22, 2008